

Grupa A

1. Izračunajte

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt[3]{n^3 + 2n^2} - n).$$

2. Neka je niz (a_n) zadan rekurzivno

$$a_1 = 1, \quad a_{n+1} = \sqrt{5a_n}.$$

Dokažite da je niz (a_n) konvergentan i nađite njegov limes.

3. Izračunajte

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} e^{\frac{1}{x^2-1}}.$$

4. Izračunajte

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2 - 3}{x} \arcsin \frac{1}{x}.$$

Grupa B

1. Izračunajte

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n - \sqrt[3]{7n^3 + 8}}{n + \sqrt{n^2 + 5}}.$$

2. Izračunajte

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 2n + (2n + 1)}{\sqrt{2} \cdot n^2 - \sqrt[3]{4} \cdot n + 123}.$$

3. Izračunajte

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(x^2 - 3 \right)^{\frac{23}{x-2}}.$$

4. Odredite parametar a tako da sljedeća funkcija bude neprekinuta u točki 0 :

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a, & \text{ako je } x = 0; \\ \frac{\cos x - 1}{x^2}, & \text{ako je } x \neq 0. \end{cases}$$

Rješenja

Grupa A

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

Grupa B

- 1.

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n - \sqrt[3]{7n^3 + 8}}{n + \sqrt{n^2 + 5}} &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n - \sqrt[3]{7n^3 + 8}}{n + \sqrt{n^2 + 5}} : \frac{n}{n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3 - \sqrt[3]{7 + 8/n^3}}{1 + \sqrt{1 + 5/n^2}} = \frac{3 - \sqrt[3]{7}}{1 + 1} = \\ &= \frac{3 - \sqrt[3]{7}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

- 2.

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5 + 6 + \dots + 2n + (2n + 1)}{\sqrt{2} \cdot n^2 - \sqrt[3]{4} \cdot n + 123} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{(2n+1)(2n+2)}{2} - (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)}{\sqrt{2} \cdot n^2 - \sqrt[3]{4} \cdot n + 123} =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n + 1)(2n + 2) - 20}{2(\sqrt{2} \cdot n^2 - \sqrt[3]{4} \cdot n + 123)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n + 1)(2n + 2) - 20}{2(\sqrt{2} \cdot n^2 - \sqrt[3]{4} \cdot n + 123)} : \frac{n^2}{n^2} =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2 + 1/n)(2 + 2/n) - 20/n^2}{2(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt[3]{4}/n + 123/n^2)} = \frac{4}{2\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2}$$

3. 3. zadatak

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2 - 3)^{\frac{23}{x-2}} = (1^\infty) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(1 + (x^2 - 4)\right)^{\frac{23}{x-2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(1 + (x^2 - 4)\right)^{\frac{1}{x^2-4} \cdot \frac{23(x^2-4)}{x-2}} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(1 + (x^2 - 4)\right)^{\frac{1}{x^2-4} \cdot 23(x+2)} = e^{92}$$

- 4.

$$a = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/3} \frac{\cos(x - \frac{\pi}{3}) - 1}{(x - \frac{\pi}{3})^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/3} \frac{-2 \sin^2((x - \frac{\pi}{3})/2)}{(x - \frac{\pi}{3})^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/3} -2 \frac{\sin^2((x - \frac{\pi}{3})/2)}{((x - \frac{\pi}{3})/2)^2} \cdot 4 = -8$$